MESSAGE

1. As we embark upon the third decade of the 21st century, the maritime commons have continued to grow in prominence as a source for sustenance, communication and commerce. The ‘Indo-Pacific’, as a concept, has consolidated and matured, reflective of the accelerating and deepening geostrategic interactions in this region. As maritime geography and national interests intersect, India will continue to depend on the seas, amidst new opportunities and intensifying global exchanges.

2. Opportunities in the maritime domain also bring with them attendant challenges. In the midst of a volatile Western neighbour and tense Northern borders, the Indian Navy has maintained robust readiness, forward presence and combat preparedness to thwart any challenge to India’s security interest in the maritime domain. The Navy’s comprehensive footprint and high operational tempo have also served as a firm deterrent, dissuading developments inimical to India’s interests.

3. During the unprecedented global challenge posed by COVID-19, while the natural tendency has been to look inwards, the Navy has looked outwards, extending succour and support to friendly foreign countries. Mission Sagar I and II provided assistance and assurance to countries in the IOR at the height of COVID-19, reaffirming India’s credibility as a committed, all-weather partner. Premised on the vision of Security and Growth for All in the Region (SAGAR), the Navy has acted as the first responder during regional challenges, calamities and crises, fostering a secure and enabling environment for regional growth and prosperity. Serving as a bridge for collaborative partnerships, the Navy’s engagements and operational exchanges with like-minded partners have helped consolidate the shared vision of a Free, Open and Inclusive Indo-Pacific, while strengthening international norms and conventions.

4. In meeting the challenges, the dynamism and zeal of our personnel have been true enablers. The men and women in whites have acted with resilience, commitment, and resolve, putting their shoulder to the wheel with a sense of purpose and ingenuity. Our operational platforms, in particular, have maintained a formidable forward presence, despite challenges posed by COVID. Op Samudra Setu, the Navy’s largest repatriation mission till date, brought back Indian nationals from overseas during COVID, reflecting our unwavering commitment to support the national effort, no matter the challenge.

5. The theme adopted for Navy Day 2020 - "Indian Navy - Combat Ready, Credible and Cohesive" - re-affirms our commitment to effectively tackling myriad challenges in the maritime domain. Navy Day 2020 is also significant as we mark the commencement of the Swarnim Vijay Varsh, commemorating 50 yrs of India’s victory in the 1971 War. India’s resounding victory and Navy’s cardinal role in the 1971 conflict, spur us to greater effort and devotion in the service of the nation.


(Karambir Singh)
Admiral
Chief of the Naval Staff
संदेश

1. अज्ञ जब रं 21वें सदी की जीवन दराधार में प्रदेश व रहे हैं, तो समृद्ध विश्व के आधार, संतुलन और स्थिरता के मूलभूत सामान्यताओं के रूप में उभरा है। 'Indo-Pacific' एक सम्पूर्ण व जलीय उद्यम का सीमा बनाने की एक अपव्ययगण के रूप में नज़र आया है। यह माना जाता है कि वैश्विक और राष्ट्रीय हिस्सा एक-दूसरे से जुड़े हैं, ऐसी रिश्तेदारी ने बाहर आतंकों और प्रश्न विश्वव्यापी गतिविधियों के माध्यम से, भारत की समृद्धि पर अंतर्राष्ट्रीय बली दिखी।

2. समुद्री क्षेत्र में भौगोलिक संबंध अपने अपने हिसाब से महत्वपूर्ण है। पालन के अंतर्गत पृथ्वी और ज्ञातकश नए सालों के मूलभूत अवस्थाएं भारत भूमि नौसेना भूमि के संशोधन में आते आते जितनी भी बढ़ती की नवीनता के साथ जोड़ने के लिए अपनी पत्ता जीवन, हैंड्रेन और द्रुत-दशपत्र कायम रखते हैं। नौसेना के व्यापक उपद्रव और प्रभाव अपरिवर्तनशीलता गति ले, राष्ट्र-विश्व नागरिक समाज के लिए एक प्रतिक्रिया की भूमिका अद्यावधि की है।

3. कोविड-19 द्वारा उत्पन्न घटनाओं की चीख, जबकि स्वागतिक प्रवीण अपने रोग को ध्यान दिखाने की क्षमता है, भारत ने इस सत्ताओं के गतिकों और खतरों को नज़र आया है। नौसेना के भूमिका वर्णान 1 और 2 से कोविड-19 समाज की संगठन स्थिति में, दिया महानायक क्षेत्र में लिखा देशों को, सातारा और आंतरराष्ट्रीय संभाल करते हुए, इस बात को पुष्टि मानते हैं कि इससे भी प्रभाव की पुजारी का समझ करने के लिए, भारत एक विश्वव्यापी और समयभर सहयोगी है। Security and Growth for All in the Region (SAGAR) की रीति में भारत का आधार बनाया है जो नौसेना द्वारा तेजी से घटती घटती बनाया जा रहा है। शायद 'First Responder' का मानना अद्यावधि की है, और यहाँ है हांगकांग दिवस और सम्बन्धित अन्य देशों के साथ उपरांत अन्य धार्मिक और वननाम बातचीत को भी बढ़ावा दिया। सातारा की भूमिका में एक सेवा की तरह काम करते हैं, अगर अभिमानी और विपर्याय से बचते हैं और संकटों के कारण सातारा संठित रहते हैं। नौसेना के इसका ध्यान रखने का आवश्यकता, राष्ट्रीय नर्सिंग सेवा के माध्यम से अपने के कारण सातारा संठित रहते हैं। नौसेना द्वारा सर्वेक्षण-वैकल्पिक का अंत तक का सबसे भारी भूमिका है, जो बायोडायरोज़ी के बाहर, रक्त के प्रभावों के घोटाले पर बदला दिया।

4. ये दुनिया की सातारा का समाहार रहता है, इसी तरह मानना है कि गंभीर समस्याओं के साथ सातारा का एक रवाना नहीं है। भूमि सम्म ने वर्तमान दुनिया के दक्कन समाहार के रूप में अपना अंतर्गत जन्मा दिया है। विवेक के लिए, इसलिए ऑपरेशन एक्स्प्लोरचर जन्मा दिया है। सातारा समुद्री नौसेना द्वारा सहयोगी के क्षेत्र में विवेक के दक्कन बनाया दिया है। अंतर्गत अनुसरण द्वारा भारत समुद्री समाहार से घोटाले के कारण सातारा अंतर्गत जन्मा दिया है। नौसेना द्वारा सर्वाधिकारिक का अंत तक का सबसे भारी भूमिका है, जो नौसेना की पुजारी के बाहर, रक्त के प्रभावों के घोटाले पर बदला दिया। नौसेना 'दिवस 2020' को सीख 'भारतीय नौसेना-' दुनिया ताप्स, विश्वव्यापी एवं सुपरसेंट सेना’. समुद्री क्षेत्र की अपनी दुनिया से प्रमाण करने के लिए आवश्यक रूप से सिद्ध करने की समय बालम का पुजारा करता है। नौसेना दिवस-2020 इसलिए भी महत्वपूर्ण है, क्यों भूतमेक विश्वव्यापी वर्ष का आयोजन कर रहे हैं, जो 1971 के दुनिया में भारत की जीत का 50 वर्ष पूरा होना है, उपरांत भारत में नगाता जीत का 50 वर्ष पूरा होना है। 1971 दुनिया में भारत को नागाता जीत, और उसमें जीतका नस्तिज़ू भूमिका, लेकिन पुजारी और प्रमाण का सत्ता की सेवा में समर्थन लेने के लिए प्रतिष्ठा करता है।

6. जय हिंद | राष्ट्र क्रमण |
The 1971 War was a landmark moment in the annals of the young, 24-year-old Indian Navy. Under the pioneering leadership of Admiral SM Nanda CNS and supported by Vice Admiral SN Kohli FOCINC (West), and Vice Admiral N Krishnan FOCINC (East), 1971 witnessed sound planning, synergised efforts, and flawless execution at all levels, resulting in the Indian Navy aiding a decisive victory for India by operating from a position of strength, displaying an aggressive attitude tipped with a killer instinct.

### JANUARY / जनवरी

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- **1 January**: New Year’s Day
- **6 January**: Republic Day
- **13 January**: Guru Gobind Singh's Birthday
- **14 January**: Makar Sankranti / Magha Bihu / Pongal
- **20 January**: Gandhi Janmabhoomi Birthday

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04 Dec 71. Op Trident was Indian Navy's daring raid on Karachi by missile boats INS Nipat, INS Nirghat and INS Veer supported by the Petya class ships INS Kiltan and INS Kotchall. This audacious attack resulted in the sinking of PNS Khyber, PNS Muhafiz, MV Venus Challenger and setting on fire the Keamari Oil refinery. Cdr BB (Babru) Yadav led the missile boat strike while Cdr KV Gopal Rao was the overall in-charge of the operation.

Who Dares Wins

FEBRUARY/ फ़रवरी

For career opportunities visit: www.joinindiannavy.gov.in
On the midnight of 03/04 Dec 1971, in the Bay of Bengal, PNS Ghazi, a submarine deployed by Pakistan to hunt INS Vikrant, ended up being hunted in a classic game of patience and fortitude. A clever combination of deception, operational manoeuvre, close coast anti-submarine warfare and urgent rocket attack led the Ghazi to its doom as it sank off Visakhapatnam while the Fleet was operating near the Andaman Islands.

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The Western Fleet, with INS Mysore as the Flagship of Rear Admiral EC Kuruvila, achieved the desired degree of sea control and executed all operations successfully. The Fleet captured ships heading into Karachi and confiscated military cargo, thereby preventing the Western Wing of Pakistan from reinforcing troops or supplying goods to the Eastern wing. Shown in the image are the Commanding Officers of the Western Fleet displaying a captured enemy flag.

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**APRIL / अप्रैल**

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- **12**: Chitra Purnima
- **13**: Ugadi/Chandan Vardhini
- **14**: Mesadi
- **15**: Vaisakhi/Vishu
- **16**: Good Friday
- **17**: Easter Sunday
- **21**: Vishwakarma Puja
- **24**: May Day

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**PROMOTIONAL MATERIAL NOT FOR SALE**
Naval Warfare is whole ship effort. The technical and logistic personnel play an extremely important role in ensuring power to firepower and steam to team. Whether it was in keeping the aircraft carrier moving at high speeds or the maintenance of missiles, our technical prowess came into play. The tech support played a strong and silent hand in this war. The image depicts aircrew preparing an aircraft for a strike operation.

Power to Firepower, Steam to Team

May 2021

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In the Bay of Bengal, the Eastern Fleet reigned supreme and the aircraft carrier INS Vikrant was a game-changer as it wreaked havoc on East Pakistan. Continuous Air Strikes by the Sea Hawk fighters and Alize maritime reconnaissance aircraft resulted in heavy bombardment of East Pakistan cities such as Chittagong, Cox's Bazar, Khulna, Chalna and Mongla. With this, the Indian Navy ushered the arrival of missile age in the region and proved that the aircraft carrier will be central to all maritime warfare concepts. The image depicts aircraft being launched for a strike mission.

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INS Vikrant, under the able stewardship of Capt Swaraj Parkash, turned out to be the decisive factor in the war and the lynchpin of maritime operations on the Eastern Front, leading to destruction of enemy airfields, power house, wireless stations, fuel tanks, ports and other infrastructure in harbour. All enemy ships around Chittagong harbour or approaches were struck and incapacitated. In total, 57,000 tonnes of merchant ships, in addition to PNS Jessore, Comilla and Sylhet were destroyed, neutralised or sunk during the deadly air operations.

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The Eastern Fleet, led by RAdm SH Sarma, established a strangulating blockade off the coast of East Pakistan, entailing control of contraband and throttling the then East Pakistan from sea. Enforcement of stringent Sea Control and Sea Denial measures ensured complete absence of enemy shipping along the entire coast. This, in turn, led to more than 90,000 prisoners of war as there was no escape from the sea for them. The illustration shows the officers and men on the deck of Vikrant post-victory. Aircraft and ‘the Compass’ are seen in the background.

**AUGUST / अगस्त**

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- **30** = Independence Day
- **16** = Parsi New Year’s Day / Navjot
- **19** = Muharram
- **21** = Clean or Olive Green Day
- **22** = Raksha Bandhan

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Meanwhile other units of the Eastern Fleet – IN ships Kamorta, Kavaratti, Brahmaputra, Beas and Rajput got into action, capturing or sinking Pakistan Navy and merchant marine ships, including smaller gun boats and tugs. Overall, the ships were involved in the capture of six contraband carrying ships including MV Anwar Baksh, sinking of two gun boats, bombardment of Cox’s Bazar and providing anti-aircraft cover for amphibious operations at Cox’s Bazar.
On 09/10 Dec 1971, ‘Force Alpha’ a task force consisting of INS Panvel, gun boats Padma and Palash and BSF craft Chitrangada sailed into the backwaters of East Pakistan, to carry out a raid on Chalna, Khulna and Mongla. This daring deep penetration strike, led by Cdr MNR Samant, resulted in highly successful attacks on crucial, riverine enemy ports which took the enemy totally by surprise.
On 15 Dec, an amphibious landing was conducted at Cox’s Bazaar by two Landing Ship Tanks (LSTs), IN Ships Gharial and Guldar, and MV Vishwa Vijay. This amphibious task force, in a joint operation, landed ‘Romeo Force’ consisting of 1/3 Gorkha Rifles, two companies of 11 Bihar, 881 Light Battery, an Ambulance Platoon, and an ASC Detachment. These forces effectively cordoned off the southern approaches from East Pakistan, thus precluding the possibility of the enemy’s escape, and achieving decisive strategic advantage. The image depicts an artist’s impression of the operation.
The historic victory of 1971 was achieved through the valour, gallantry, and professionalism of the Commanders and soldiers on-ground. It was also a product of meticulous planning, dynamic leadership and innovation at multiple echelons. The resounding finale was the product of resilient soldiers, sailors and airmen, who were motivated by their leaders and convinced by the righteousness of their cause. As for the enemy, it had no way but surrender. In the image, Lt Gen AAK Niazi of the Pakistani Army signs the Instrument of Surrender as the Indian Force Commanders look on.

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DECEMBER / दिसम्बर 2021

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